

Scriptures and Doctrine :: STRUGGLING AND SEEKING

STRUGGLING AND SEEKING - posted by pastorfrin, on: 2008/4/30 21:38

STRUGGLING AND SEEKING Alexander Maclaren

Â'The young lions do lack, and suffer hunger: but they that seek the Lord shall not want any good thing.Â'—PSALM xx xiv. 10.

If we may trust the superscription of this psalm, it was written by David at one of the very darkest days of his wanderings , probably in the Cave of Adullam, where he had gathered around him a band of outlaws, and was living, to all appearan ce, a life uncommonly like that of a brigand chief, in the hills. One might have pardoned him if, at such a moment, some cloud of doubt or despondency had crept over his soul. But instead of that his words are running over with gladness, and the psalm begins Â'I will bless the Lord at all times, and His praise shall continually be in my mouth.Â' Similarly here he avers, even at a moment when he wanted a great deal of what the world calls Â'good,Â' that Â'they that seek the Lord s hall not want any good thing.Â' There were lions in Palestine in DavidÂ's time. He had had a fight with one of them, as y ou may remember, and his lurking place was probably not far off the scene of SamsonÂ's exploits. Very likely they were prowling about the rocky mouth of the cave, and he weaves their howls into his psalm: Â'The young lions do lack, and s uffer hunger: but they that seek the Lord shall not want any good.Â'

So, then, here are the two thoughts—the struggle that always fails and the seeking that always finds.

I. The struggle that always fails.

Â'The young lions do lack, and suffer hunger.Â' They are taken as the type of violent effort and struggle, as well as of su preme strength, but for all their teeth and claws, and lithe spring, Â'they lack, and suffer hunger.Â' The suggestion is, that the men whose lives are one long fight to appropriate to themselves more and more of outward good, are living a kind of life that is fitter for beasts than for men. A fierce struggle for material good is the true description of the sort of life that hosts of us live. What is the meaning of all this cry that we hear about the murderous competition going on round us? W hat is the true character of the lives of, I am afraid, the majority of people in a city like Manchester, but a fight and a strug gle, a desire to have, and a failure to obtain? Let us remember that that sort of existence is for the brutes, and that there is a better way of getting what is good; the only fit way for man. Beasts of prey, naturalists tell us, are always lean. It is the graminivorous order that meekly and peacefully crop the pastures that are well fed and in good condition—Â'which things are an allegory.Â'

Â'The young lions do lack, and suffer hungerÂ'—and that, being interpreted, just states the fact to which every manÂ's experience, and the observation of every man that has an eye in his head, distinctly say, Â'Amen, it is so.Â' For there is no satisfaction or success ever to be won by this way of fighting and struggling and scheming and springing at the prey. For if we do not utterly fail, which is the lot of so many of us, still partial success has little power of bringing perfect satisf action to a human spirit. One loss counterbalances any number of gains. No matter how soft is the mattress, if there is o ne tiny thorn sticking up through it all the softness goes for nothing. There is always a Mordecai sitting at the gate when Haman goes prancing through it on his white horse; and the presence of the unsympathetic and stiff-backed Jew, sitting stolid at the gate, takes the gilt off the gingerbread, and embitters the enjoyment. So men count up their disappointments , and forget all their fulfilled hopes, count up their losses and forget their gains. They think less of the thousands that the y have gained than of the half-crown that they were cheated of.

In every way it is true that the little annoyances, like a grain of dust in the sensitive eye, take all the sweetness out of me re material good, and I suppose that there are no more bitterly disappointed men in this world than the perfectly Â'succe ssful men,Â' as the world counts them. They have been disillusionised in the process of acquisition. When they were yo ung and lusted after earthly good things, these seemed to be all that they needed. When they are old, and have them, th ey find that they are feeding on ashes, and the grit breaks their teeth, and irritates their tongues. The Â'young lions do la ckÂ' even when their roar and their spring Â'have secured the prey,Â' and Â'they suffer hungerÂ' even when they have f ed full. Ay! for if the utmost possible measure of success were granted us, in any department in which the way of getting the thing is this fighting and effort, we should be as far away from being at rest as ever we were.

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You remember the old story of the Arabian Nights, about the wonderful palace that was built by magic, and all whose wi ndows were set in precious stones, but there was one window that remained unadorned, and that spoiled all for the own er. His palace was full of treasures, but an enemy looked on all the wealth and suggested a previously unnoticed defect by saying, Â'You have not a rocÂ's egg.Â' He had never thought about getting a rocÂ's egg, and did not know what it wa s. But the consciousness of something lacking had been roused, and it marred his enjoyment of what he had and drove him to set out on his travels to secure the missing thing. There is always something lacking, for our desires grow far fast er than their satisfactions, and the more we have, the wider our longing reaches out, so that as the wise old Book has it, Â'He that loveth silver shall not be satisfied with silver, nor he that loveth abundance with increase.Â' You cannot fill a so ul with the whole universe, if you do not put God in it. One of the greatest works of fiction of modern times ends, or all but ends, with a sentence something like this, Â'Ah! who of us has what he wanted, or having it, is satisfied?Â' Â'The youn g lions do lack, and suffer hungerÂ'—and the struggle always fails—Â'but they that seek the Lord shall not want any good thing.Â'

II. The seeking which always finds.

Now, how do we Â'seek the LordÂ'? It is a metaphorical expression, of course, which needs to be carefully interpreted in order not to lead us into a great mistake. We do not seek Him as if He had not sought us, or was hiding from us. But our search of Him is search after one who is near every one of us, and who delights in nothing so much as in pouring Himsel f into every heart and mind, and will and life, if only heart, mind, will, life, are willing to accept Him. It is a short search that the child by her motherÂ's skirts, or her fatherÂ's side, has to make for mother or father. It is a shorter search that we have to make for God.

We seek Him by desire. Do you want Him? A great many of us do not. We seek Him by communion, by turning our thou ghts to Him, amidst all the rush of daily life, and such a turning of thought to Him, which is quite possible, will prevent our most earnest working upon things material from descending to the likeness of the lionsÂ' fighting for it. We seek Him by desire, by communion, by obedience. And they who thus seek Him find Him in the act of seeking Him, just as certainly a s if I open my eye I see the sun, or as if I dilate my lungs the atmosphere rushes into them. For He is always seeking us. That is a beautiful word of our LordÂ's to which we do not always attach all its value, Â'The Father seeketh such to wors hip Him.Â' Why put the emphasis upon the Â'such,Â' as if it was a definition of the only kind of acceptable worship? It is that. But we might put more emphasis upon the Â'seekethÂ' without spoiling the logic of the sentence; and thereby we s hould come nearer the truth of what GodÂ's heart to us is, so that if we do seek Him, we shall surely find. In this region, and in this region only, there is no search that is vain, there is no effort that is foiled, there is no desire unaccomplished, there is no failure possible. We each of us have, accurately and precisely, as much of God as we desire to have. If there is only a very little of the Water of Life in our vessels, it is because we did not care to possess any more. Â'Seek, and ye shall find.Â'

We shall be sure to find everything in God. Look at the grand confidence, and the utterance of a lifeÂ's experience in the se great words: Â'Shall not want any good.Â' For God is everything to us, and everything else is nothing; and it is the pr esence of God in anything that makes it truly able to satisfy our desires. Human love, sweet and precious, dearest and b est of all earthly possessions as it is, fails to fill a heart unless the love grasps God as well as the beloved dying creature . And so with regard to all other things. They are good when God is in them, and when they are ours in God. They are n ought when wrenched away from Him. We are sure to find everything in Him, for this is the very property of that infinite d ivine nature that is waiting to impart itself to us, that, like water poured into a vessel, it will take the shape of the vessel in to which it is poured. Whatever is my need, the one God will supply it all.

You remember the old Rabbinical tradition which speaks a deep truth, dressed in a fanciful shape. It says that the mann a in the wilderness tasted to every man just what he desired, whatever dainty or nutriment he most wished; that the man na became like the magic cup in the old fairy legends, out of which could be poured any precious liquor at the pleasure of the man who was to drink it. The one God is everything to us all, anything that we desire, and the thing that we need; P rotean in His manifestations, one in His sufficiency. With Him, as well as in Him, we are sure to have all that we require. Â'Seek ye first the Kingdom . . . and all these things shall be added unto you.Â'

Let us begin, dear brethren! with seeking, and then our struggling will not be violent, nor self-willed, nor will it fail. If we begin with seeking, and have God, be sure that all we need we shall get, and that what we do not get we do not need. It is hard to believe it when our vehement wishes go out to something that His serene wisdom does not send. It is hard to believe it when our bleeding hearts are being wrenched away from something around which they have clung. But it is true for all that. And he that can say, Â'Whom have I in heaven but Thee, and there is none upon earth that I desire beside Thee,Â' will find that the things which he enjoys in subordination to his one supreme good are a thousand times more pre

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cious when they are regarded as second than they ever could be when our folly tried to make them first. Â'Seek first the Kingdom,Â' and be contented that the Â'other thingsÂ' shall be appendices, additions, over and above the one thing that is needful.

Now, all that is very old-fashioned, threadbare truth. Dear brethren! if we believed it, and lived by it, Â'the peace of God which passes understandingÂ' would Â'keep our hearts and minds.Â' And, instead of fighting and losing, and desiring to have and howling out because we cannot obtain, we should patiently wait before Him, submissively ask, earnestly seek, immediately find, and always possess and be satisfied with, the one good for body, soul, and spirit, which is God Himself

Â'There be many that cry, Oh! that one would show as any good.Â' The wise do not cry to men, but pray to God. Â'Lord! lift Thou the light of Thy countenance upon us.Â'

Alexander Maclaren

Re: STRUGGLING AND SEEKING, on: 2008/5/1 8:24

Quote:

-----So men count up their disappointments, and forget all their fulfilled hopes, count up their losses and forget their gains. They think le ss of the thousands that they have gained than of the half-crown that they were cheated of.

That is so true!!

This article was a blessing to me...for me, my old believes will enter my mind and cause me to fret that the Lord hasn't s ought me! It is taught that some supernatural event takes place. But, I recall like Jeremiah says in the verses below. Wh en God is seeking those who are desiring Him. Its a beautiful and gentle and it is a promise.

Thanks for posting this article.

LAMENTATIONS 3:21-28

The LORD is my portion, saith my soul; therefore will I hope in him. The LORD is good unto them that wait for him, to the soul that **seeketh** him. It is good that a man should both **hope and quietly wait** for the salvation of the LORD. It is good for a man that he bear the yoke in his youth. He sitteth alone and **keepeth silence**, because he hath borne it upon him